Limits and Trigonometry - Set 3

Instructions for Solving the DPP (Daily Practice Problems)

1. Purpose of the DPP

- This DPP is designed to strengthen concept clarity for both **JEE Main** and **JEE Advanced**.
- Problems are arranged in increasing order of difficulty:
 - Level-1: JEE Main oriented
 - Level-2: Mixed Main + Advanced
 - Level-3: JEE Advanced oriented

2. How to Attempt the DPP

- 1. Read the theory from your notes before attempting the problems.
- 2. Do not jump between questions; solve sequentially unless instructed otherwise.
- 3. For each question, write:
 - Key concept involved
 - Formula used
 - Corrected approach if you made an error
- 4. Maintain a separate **DPP Mistake Notebook**.

3. Recommended Time Allocation

- Total time per DPP: 45-60 minutes
- Follow the recommended per-question time:
 - Single Correct / Objective: 1-2 minutes
 - Numerical Value: **2–3 minutes**
 - Integer Type: **3–4 minutes**
 - Advanced Multi-Correct: 4-6 minutes
 - Paragraph (Advanced): **6-8 minutes**
- Mark questions exceeding time limit with a star (*) and revisit after finishing the DPP.

4. Best Practices for Scoring Higher

- Focus on accuracy first, then speed.
- Review every calculation step—most mistakes arise from small algebraic slips.
- Solve advanced problems only after finishing Main-level questions for the chapter.
- Revise solved DPPs weekly and note repeating mistake patterns.
- Use short notes for formulas, special results, and commonly used approximations.
- After solving, compare your approach with the official solution or teacher's method.
- Build endurance by solving at least one DPP in exam-like conditions daily.

5. Evaluation Guidelines

- Award yourself:
 - +4 / -1 for JEE Main pattern questions.
 - Partial marking for JEE Advanced style multi-correct.
- Maintain a cumulative score record for every DPP set.
- Track:
 - Chapters with highest accuracy
 - Chapters needing revision
 - Time taken per DPP
 - Common error types

6. Weekly Review Checklist

- Reattempt the unsolved or incorrect problems from the past 5–7 DPPs.
- Update your formula sheet and mistake notebook.
- Solve at least one mixed-topic DPP to test retention.

By: www.udgamwelfarefoundation.com (helping students since 2012)

Daily Practice Problems

Multiple Choice Questions

1. Show that the following limit equals e:

$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$$

The value of the limit is:

- (a) 1
- (b) e
- (c) $\frac{1}{e}$
- (d) e^2
- 2. Evaluate the following limit:

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^9 - 1}{x^{14} - 1}$$

- (a) $\frac{9}{14}$
- (b) $\frac{14}{9}$
- (c) 1
- (d) 0
- 3. Evaluate the following limit:

$$\lim_{x \to \tan^{-1}(3)} \frac{\tan^2 x - 2\tan x - 3}{\tan^2 x - 4\tan x + 3}$$

- (a) 1
- (b) 3
- (c) 2
- (d) 4
- 4. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{3^{\frac{x}{2}} - 3}{3^x - 9}$$

- (a) $\frac{1}{4}$
- (b) $\frac{1}{2}$
- (c) 1
- (d) $\frac{1}{3}$
- 5. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{\alpha \to 0} \frac{\sin^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \beta}{\alpha^2 - \beta^2}$$

- (a) $\sin \beta \cos \beta$
- (b) 1
- (c) $\sin 2\beta$
- (d) $\frac{\sin 2\beta}{2\beta}$
- 6. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 - \sqrt{2}\sin x}$$

- (a) 2
- (b) $\sqrt{2}$
- (c) 1

- (d) -2
- 7. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sin \frac{2}{3^x}}{\sin \frac{3}{2^x}}$$

- (a) 1
- (b) $\frac{2}{3}$ (c) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (d) 0
- 8. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{\sin x-x+\frac{x^3}{6}}{x^5}$$

- (a) $\frac{1}{24}$
- (b) $\frac{1}{120}$
- (c) $\frac{1}{6}$
- (d) 0
- 9. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(1+x)^5 - 1}{3x + 5x^2}$$

- (a) $\frac{5}{3}$
- (b) 1
- (c) $\frac{3}{5}$
- (d) 5
- 10. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{\theta \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sin \theta - \cos \theta}{\theta - \frac{\pi}{4}}$$

- (a) $\sqrt{2}$
- (b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- (c) 1
- (d) 2
- 11. Evaluate the limit (Let $a \neq 0$):

$$\lim_{x \to a} \left(\frac{\sin x}{\sin a} \right)^{\frac{1}{(x-a)}}$$

- (a) $e^{\cot a}$
- (b) $e^{\tan a}$
- (c) $\cot a$
- (d) 1
- 12. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x}{\tan^{-1} 2x}$$

- (a) 1
- (b) $\frac{1}{2}$
- (c) 2
- (d) 0

13. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} (4^n + 5^n)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

- (a) 4
- (b) 5
- (c) 9
- (d) 1
- 14. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt{\frac{x + \sin x}{x - \cos x}}$$

- (a) 1
- (b) 0
- (c) $\sqrt{2}$
- (d) Does not exist
- 15. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{n^p \sin^2(n!)}{n^{1-p}(1+\frac{1}{n})}$$

for p < 0.

- (a) 1
- (b) 0
- (c) ∞
- (d) $\frac{1}{2}$
- 16. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{1 + \cos x}}{\sin^2 x}$$

- (a) $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}}$
- (c) $\frac{1}{8\sqrt{2}}$
- (d) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

Integer Type Questions

17. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} n \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4n}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4n}\right)$$

Find the value of the limit.

18. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{(x^3 + 27)\ln(x - 2)}{x^2 - 9}$$

19. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cot x - \cos x}{(\pi - 2x)^3}$$

Find the value of the limit as a fraction in simplest form p/q, and give the value of p+q.

20. Evaluate the limit:

 $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin[\cos x]}{1+[\cos x]}, \text{ where } [.] \text{ denotes the greatest integer function.}$

21. Evaluate the limit:

 $\lim_{x\to 0} \left[\frac{\sin x}{x} \right]$ where [.] denotes the greatest integer function.