# CTET Mathematics Practice Test

## Paper I (For Classes I-V)

### **General Instructions**

#### Practice Test - 10

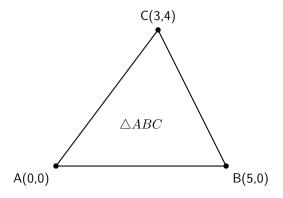
- 1. This paper contains a total of **30 questions**.
- 2. All questions are **compulsory**.
- 3. Each question carries 1 mark.
- 4. There is **no negative marking**.
- 5. The maximum marks for this test are **30**.
- 6. The total duration of the test is **45 minutes**.
- 7. Choose the most appropriate answer from the given options.
- 8. Use of calculators, mobile phones, or any electronic devices is **not permitted**.
- 9. Rough work may be done on the space provided at the end of the paper.
- 10. Read each question carefully before answering.

#### All the Best!

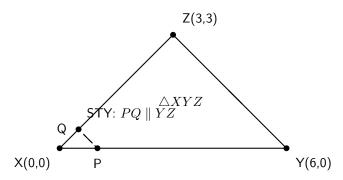
- 1. If the sum of three consecutive numbers is 51, the largest number is:
  - (a) 15
  - (b) 16
  - (c) 17
  - (d) 18
- 2. A car travels 180 km at a uniform speed of 60 km/h. If it increases its speed by 20 km/h, the time saved is:

- (a) 0.5 hours
- (b) 0.75 hours
- (c) 1 hour
- (d) 1.5 hours
- **3.** The numbers 24, 36, 60, 72. The LCM of these numbers is:
  - (a) 360
  - (b) 720
  - (c) 180
  - (d) 240
- 4. A farmer has a rectangular field  $120 \text{ m} \times 80 \text{ m}$ . He wants to divide it into square plots with maximum size. Find the side of the square plot.
  - (a) 10 m
  - (b) 20 m
  - (c) 40 m
  - (d) 60 m
- **5.** Simplify:  $\frac{7}{12} \frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{6}$ .
  - (a)  $\frac{5}{4}$  (b)  $\frac{3}{4}$  (c)  $\frac{7}{6}$

  - (d)  $\frac{3}{3}$
- **6.** A sum of money triples itself in 10 years at simple interest. In how many years will it double itself?
  - (a) 5 years
  - (b) 6.66 years
  - (c) 7 years
  - (d) 8 years
- 7. Find the area of a triangle with vertices A(0,0), B(5,0), C(3,4).



- (a) 10 sq units
- (b) 8 sq units
- (c) 12 sq units
- (d) 6 sq units
- **8.** In  $\triangle XYZ$ , coordinates are X(0,0), Y(6,0), Z(3,3). A line parallel to YZ intersects XY at P and XZ at Q. Coordinates of P and Q are:



- (a) P(2,0), Q(1,1)
- (b) P(3,0), Q(1.5,1.5)
- (c) P(1,0), Q(2,1)
- (d) P(2,0), Q(2,1)
- **9.** A circle with center (0,0) passes through point (6,8). Find its equation.
  - (a)  $x^2 + y^2 = 100$
  - (b)  $x^2 + y^2 = 64$
  - (c)  $x^2 + y^2 = 36$
  - (d)  $x^2 + y^2 = 50$
- **10.** A cube of side 5 cm is painted on all faces and cut into 1 cm cubes. How many small cubes have exactly two faces painted?

(a) 12
(b) 24
(c) 8
(d) 6
11. A rectangular garden has length 50 m and width 30 m. A path 2 m wide runs inside along the boundary. Area of the path is:
(a) $160 \text{ m}^2$
(b) $152 \text{ m}^2$
(c) $200 \text{ m}^2$
(d) $180 \text{ m}^2$
12. A cylindrical tank has diameter 14 m and height 10 m. Its volume is:
(a) $1540\pi \text{ m}^3$
(b) $154 \text{ m}^3$
(c) $490\pi \text{ m}^3$
(d) $700\pi \text{ m}^3$
<b>13.</b> A pattern: 2, 6, 12, 20, 30, The 6th term is:
(a) 36
(b) 42
(c) 48
(d) 56
14. The angle between hour and minute hands at 7:30 is:
(a) $135^{\circ}$
(b) 150°
(c) 155°
(d) 140°
15. A shopkeeper sold an article at Rs 180 with a profit of 20%. The cost price is:
(a) 150
(b) 140
(c) 160

	diagonal is:
	(a) 14 cm
	(b) 16 cm
	(c) 18 cm
	(d) 20 cm
17.	A school has 120 boys and 80 girls. One student is chosen randomly. Probability that the student is a girl is:
	(a) $\frac{1}{2}$
	(a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{2}{5}$ (c) $\frac{3}{5}$ (d) $\frac{1}{3}$
	(c) $\frac{3}{5}$
	O .
18.	A triangle has vertices $A(0,0)$ , $B(4,0)$ , $C(0,3)$ . Find the perimeter.
	(a) 12
	(b) 12.5
	(c) 10
	(d) 11
19.	Find the median of the numbers: 4, 7, 9, 10, 12, 15.
	(a) 9
	(b) 9.5
	(c) 10
	(d) 10.5
20.	The mode of the data: 3, 5, 3, 8, 3, 2, 7 is:
	(a) 3
	(b) 5
	(c) 7
	(d) 8

16. A rectangular box has length 12 cm, width 8 cm, height 6 cm. Its

(d) 170

21.	. A pictograph shows 1 symbol = $4$ students. If $6$ symbols :	represent boys
	and 9 symbols represent girls, ratio of boys to total stud	ents is:

- (a) 2:5
- (b) 2:3
- (c) 3:5
- (d) 3:4

22. Find the sum of the first 10 multiples of 3.

- (a) 165
- (b) 150
- (c) 155
- (d) 180

23.	Demonstrating multiplication by grouping objects is an example of:
	(a) Abstract reasoning
	(b) Concrete representation
	(c) Pictorial reasoning
	(d) Symbolic representation
24.	Asking students to predict the next term in a pattern develops:
	(a) Logical thinking
	(b) Speed calculation
	(c) Memorization
	(d) Numerical operations
<b>25.</b>	Using flashcards to show fractions helps children understand:
	(a) Part-whole concept
	(b) Place value
	(c) Counting sequence
	(d) Odd-even numbers
26.	When teaching area, letting students measure objects themselves is:
	(a) Experiential learning
	(b) Lecture method
	(c) Rote learning
	(d) Group work only
27.	A child writes 45 as 54 consistently. Teacher should:
	(a) Explain place value using manipulatives
	(b) Give more worksheets
	(c) Punish for mistake
	(d) Ignore the error
28.	Encouraging students to discuss their solutions helps in:
	(a) Developing communication and reasoning

(b) Memorization

(d) Only drills

(c) Speed calculation

- 29. Using 3D models for teaching shapes is helpful for:
  - (a) Visual and tactile learning
  - (b) Reading
  - (c) Abstract reasoning only
  - (d) Listening skills
- **30.** Activities like sorting objects by color or size help in:
  - (a) Developing classification and logical thinking
  - (b) Arithmetic skills
  - (c) Memorization
  - (d) Language skills