# ISC CLASS XII MATHEMATICS (TEST PAPER 5) - SET 05

Time Allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 80

#### **General Instructions:**

- 1. Candidates are required to attempt all questions from **Section A** and **EITHER Section B OR Section C**.
- 2. All working, including rough work, must be clearly shown. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.
- 3. The maximum mark for any single question is 6.
- 4. The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

# SECTION A (Compulsory - 65 Marks)

All questions in this section are compulsory. (R&F: 10, Algebra: 10, Calculus: 32, Probability: 13)

#### Question 1 (10 $\times$ 1 Mark = 10 Marks)

Answer the following questions.

- 1. Let \* be an operation on  $\mathbb{R}$  defined by a\*b=a+b+1. Check if \* is associative. [1]
- 2. Find the value of  $\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}\cos^{-1}\frac{3}{5}\right)$ . [1]
- 3. Give an example of a function  $f:\{1,2,3\}\to\{1,2,3\}$  which is not one-one. [1]
- 4. Find  $g \circ f(x)$  if  $f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$  and  $g(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ . [1]
- 5. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  if  $x = a(\cos t + t \sin t)$  and  $y = a(\sin t t \cos t)$ . [1]
- 6. Find the value of  $\int_{-1}^{1} (x^3 + x^5) dx$ . [1]
- 7. Find the value of a for which the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} ax+5 & \text{if } x \leq 2 \\ x-1 & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$  is continuous at x=2. [1]
- 8. If P(A) = 0.4, P(B) = 0.5, and  $P(A \cap B) = 0.3$ . Find P(A|B). [1]
- 9. If a random variable X follows a Binomial distribution B(6,p) and its variance is  $\frac{12}{9}$ , find the value of p. [1]
- 10. If  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ , find  $M_{12} + C_{21}$ , where  $M_{ij}$  is the minor and  $C_{ij}$  is the cofactor. [1]

### Question 2 $(3 \times 2 \text{ Marks} = 6 \text{ Marks})$

Answer the following questions.

1. If 
$$y = x^{\cos x}$$
, find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ . [2]

- 2. Prove that  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2+1}$  is a strictly decreasing function for x > 0. [2]
- 3. Three unbiased coins are tossed simultaneously. Find the probability that the first coin shows head, given that there is at least one tail. [2]

# Question 3 $(4 \times 4 \text{ Marks} = 16 \text{ Marks})$

Answer the following questions.

- 1. If  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ , find adj(A) and check if  $A \cdot adj(A) = |A|I$ . [4]
- 2. Evaluate:  $\int \frac{x \cos x}{\sin^2 x} dx$ . [4]
- 3. Show that Rolle's theorem is not applicable to f(x) = |x 1| in [0, 2]. [4]
- 4. The radius of a sphere is measured to be 7 m with an error of 0.02 m. Find the approximate error in calculating its surface area. [4]

# Question 4 (3 $\times$ 6 Marks = 18 Marks)

Answer the following questions.

1. Prove that: 
$$\begin{vmatrix} a^2 + 1 & ab & ac \\ ab & b^2 + 1 & bc \\ ac & bc & c^2 + 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 + a^2 + b^2 + c^2. [6]$$

- 2. A straight line L passes through (1,2) and is such that the segment of L between the axes is minimum. Find the equation of the line L. [6]
- 3. Evaluate:  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1}{4+5\cos x} dx$ . [6]

# Question 5 (15 Marks)

Answer the following questions.

1. (a) Prove that  $2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{7}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$ . [6] (b) Find the mean and variance of the number of heads in three tosses of a fair coin. [6] (c) Solve the differential equation:  $x \frac{dy}{dx} - y = x^2 e^x$ . [3]

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# SECTION B (Optional - 15 Marks)

Answer all questions from this section. (Unit V: Vectors - 5 Marks; Unit VI: 3D Geometry - 6 Marks; Unit VII: Applications of Integrals - 4 Marks)

#### Question 6 (5 Marks)

Answer the following questions.

- 1. Find the distance of the point (3, -2, 1) from the plane 2x y + 2z + 3 = 0. [2]
- 2. Find the value of  $\lambda$  such that the four points A(4,5,1), B(0,-1,-1), C(3,9,4), and D(-4,4,4) are coplanar. [3]

# Question 7 (10 Marks)

Answer the following questions.

- 1. Find the cartesian equation of the line passing through the points A(1,2,3) and B(-1,0,4). Find the angle between this line and the line  $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{1} = \frac{z-3}{-2}$ . [6]
- 2. Using integration, find the area of the smaller region bounded by the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$  and the line  $\frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{2} = 1$ . [4]

# SECTION C (Optional - 15 Marks)

Answer all questions from this section. (Unit VIII: Application of Calculus - 5 Marks; Unit IX: Linear Regression - 6 Marks; Unit X: Linear Programming - 4 Marks)

# Question 8 (5 Marks)

Answer the following question.

1. A company is preparing a budget for the next year. It estimates its fixed costs to be Rs. 18,000 and variable costs at Rs. 1.60 per unit of output. If the selling price is Rs. 4 per unit, find the total cost function C(x), the total revenue function R(x), and the break-even point. [5]

# Question 9 (10 Marks)

Answer the following questions.

1. Solve the following Linear Programming Problem graphically: Maximize Z=3x+4y Subject to the constraints:

$$x + y \le 4$$
$$x \ge 0$$
$$y \ge 0$$

[4]

2. From the data given below, find the two regression equations and the estimated value of y when x = 18:

$\boldsymbol{x}$	10	15	20	25	30
y	30	35	45	50	60

[6]